Notice

School Turnaround AmeriCorps Appendix

Appendix - School Turnaround AmeriCorps

A. Program Description

School Turnaround AmeriCorps is an initiative to place AmeriCorps members in low-performing schools identified under the U.S. Department of Education's School Improvement Grants (SIG) program or Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) flexibility to implement interventions in order to improve student academic performance, academic engagement, attendance outcomes, or some combination thereof, in eligible schools. School Turnaround AmeriCorps grantees must meet special program design requirements that are described below. Applicants for a School Turnaround AmeriCorps program must provide high quality responses to special selection criteria, submit additional documents and demonstrate that they meet the special program design requirements.

The U.S. Department of Education's SIG program provides grants to state educational agencies (SEAs) that make competitive subgrants to local educational agencies (LEAs) that demonstrate the greatest need for the funds and the strongest commitment to use the funds to provide adequate resources in order to raise substantially the achievement of students in the state's lowest-performing schools. School Turnaround AmeriCorps grantees, in coordination with local school and LEAs' turnaround efforts under SIG and ESEA flexibility (requirements), will support schools and communities in improving student performance. The initiative reflects CNCS' commitment to increasing opportunities for children in disadvantaged communities through high-quality education.

- B. Special Requirements In order to receive priority consideration, applications must demonstrate alignment with the requirements below. Approved School Turnaround AmeriCorps grantees must comply with these requirements.
 - All School Turnaround AmeriCorps projects funded under this Notice are expected to improve student academic performance, academic engagement, attendance outcomes, or some combination thereof, in eligible schools.
 - 2. School Turnaround AmeriCorps programs must align programming with comprehensive school turnaround plans by engaging members in one or more of the following six strategies, which are based on research on turning around the lowest-performing schools^[3]:
 - a. Providing ongoing mechanisms for family and community engagement;
 - Establishing a school culture and environment that improve school safety, attendance, and discipline and address other non-academic factors that impact student achievement, such as students' social, emotional, and health needs;
 - c. Accelerating students' acquisition of reading and mathematics knowledge and skills;
 - d. Increasing graduation rates through strategies such as early warning systems, creditrecovery programs, and re-engagement strategies;
 - e. Increasing college enrollment rates through college preparation counseling assistance to include completing the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and college

^[3] For a summary of research supporting the interventions implemented under SIG and ESEA flexibility, please visit http://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/leg/blueprint/college-career-ready.pdf.

applications, and educating students and their families on financial literacy for college; or

- f. Supporting school implementation of increased learning time.¹
- 3. School Turnaround AmeriCorps programs must place 100% of members at eligible schools. Eligible schools are SIG Tier I and Tier II schools² at the time of the applicant's application submission; and/or priority schools or focus schools during the in 2015-2016 school year. A list of schools is required as part of the School Turnaround AmeriCorps application (see Additional Documents section, below). Approved School Turnaround AmeriCorps grantees may not add new schools without pre-approval.
- 4. Letters of commitment from school leaders and LEAs are required as part of School Turnaround AmeriCorps application (see Additional Documents section, below).
- 5. To maximize the impact of the public investment in national service and school improvement, School Turnaround AmeriCorps programs must work directly with school leaders to identify needs, develop interventions that are aligned with LEA and school turnaround efforts, and, in compliance with applicable state and federal laws, use data to measure progress and inform continuous improvement efforts. School Turnaround AmeriCorps awardees will be required to develop and update yearly written partnership agreements among an eligible school or schools, LEA, and community-based partners working together to implement the program. These agreements should be submitted to CNCS as soon as possible and must be submitted to CNCS at least two weeks before the start of the 2016-2017 school year or submitted to CNCS at least two weeks before members begin service (see Written Partnership Agreement section, below).
- 6. School Turnaround AmeriCorps programs must select from the following Performance Measures in Education: ED2, ED4A, ED5, ED27A, ED27B, ED30. 100% of the MSYs must be in those performance measures. Programs may also select ED1, ED3A, ED7, ED9, and/or ED10.
- School Turnaround AmeriCorps programs may not include activities that address non-School
 Turnaround AmeriCorps priorities, include non-School Turnaround AmeriCorps interventions, or
 place members at any locations other than eligible schools. If an applicant wishes to provide

¹ Increased learning time means using a longer school day, week, or year schedule to significantly increase the total number of school hours to include additional time for (a) instruction in core academic subjects including English, reading or language arts, mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, arts, history, and geography; (b) instruction in other subjects and enrichment activities that contribute to a well-rounded education, including, for example, physical education, service learning, and experiential and work-based learning opportunities that are provided by partnering, as appropriate, with other organizations; and (c) teachers to collaborate, plan, and engage in professional development within and across grades and subjects. (75 FR 66363, 66367)

² For a listing of many SIG schools, please visit http://www2.ed.gov/programs/sif/awardedschls.xls. Lists of priority schools and other SIG eligible schools are posted on the website of each state educational agency. CNCS strongly encourages applicants to consult with SEAs in their states to determine eligibility of the schools they seek to serve to ensure the application is not disqualified for failing to propose to serve eligible schools.

- programming that is broader than School Turnaround AmeriCorps, then the applicant should submit a second application that proposes a non-School Turnaround AmeriCorps project.
- 8. The project period of School Turnaround AmeriCorps programs must start by the beginning of the academic school year. Programs may select and train members before the school year begins by requesting an earlier start date.
- 9. School Turnaround AmeriCorps programs must engage members in interventions that are backed by evidence and are likely to lead to the proposed outcomes.
- 10. School Turnaround AmeriCorps grantees must report the following data:
 - a. List of schools that were served, including their NCES identification numbers and the number of members placed at each school.
 - b. Number of schools served, including: (schools could fit into multiple categories)
 - i. (For States without ESEA flexibility) # Tier I SIG schools
 - ii. (For States without ESEA flexibility) # Tier II SIG schools
 - iii. (For States without ESEA flexibility) # Tier I SIG schools receiving SIG funds
 - iv. (For States without ESEA flexibility) # Tier II SIG schools receiving SIG funds
 - v. (For States with ESEA flexibility) # of priority schools
 - vi. (For States with ESEA flexibility) # of priority schools receiving SIG funds
 - vii. (For States with ESEA flexibility) # of focus schools
 - viii. (For States with ESEA flexibility) # of focus schools receiving SIG funds
 - ix. # of urban schools
 - x. # of rural schools
 - xi. # of elementary schools, middle schools, high schools, and/or schools that cross grade spans (i.e. 6-12 schools)
 - c. Number of students served, including:
 - i. # of English Learners
 - ii. # of students with disabilities

Although not requirements, CNCS encourages the following additional program design features for School Turnaround AmeriCorps applicants:

- Leveraging community, LEA, and school-level support systems can be an important component in comprehensive turnaround efforts. As such, CNCS encourages applicants to partner with multiple eligible schools within an LEA and coordinate turnaround efforts among multiple school sites. Doing so will enable applicants to take advantage of economies of scale, and aid in changing community, LEA, and school cultures.
- 2. CNCS seeks to prioritize the investment of national service resources in rural schools. Schools must meet the rural school definition (see Glossary). Furthermore, programs must demonstrate significant program focus, design, and outcomes in rural schools to receive priority consideration as a rural program.
- C. Special Selection Criteria CNCS seeks to prioritize the investment of national service resources in School Turnaround AmeriCorps programs that provide high-quality responses to the selection criteria. Applicants must respond to <u>both</u> the selection criteria in the *Notice* and the selection criteria in this appendix, unless indicated below. School Turnaround AmeriCorps applicants have an expanded page limit to allow space for the additional responses.

3. Program Design (50 percent)

There are no differences between the *Notice* criteria and the special School Turnaround AmeriCorps criteria for the following: Evidence Base, Member Experience, and Commitment to AmeriCorps Identification.

- a. Problem/Need (9 points)
 <u>Instead of responding to the selection criteria in the Notice</u>, School Turnaround
 AmeriCorps applicants should respond to the criteria below:
- How were eligible school(s) and LEA leadership involved in identifying the needs to be addressed by the programs?
- How were the need(s) that the AmeriCorps members will be addressing identified by eligible partner school(s) and LEA leadership?
- How extensive and severe are the needs in the school(s) where the proposed
 AmeriCorps members will serve? Cite specific relevant data (e.g., student achievement, attendance, or attainment data).
 - b. Theory of Change and Logic Model (15 points)
 In addition to responding to the selection criteria in the Notice, School Turnaround
 AmeriCorps applicants should also respond to the criteria below:
- Explain how the potential contribution of AmeriCorps members addresses the needs identified by eligible school and LEA leadership.
- For applicants that propose to serve multiple school sites, explain how you will
 coordinate your turnaround efforts among those sites and take advantage of the scale
 of the project (e.g., through economies of scale).
- Explain the extent to which the project addresses multiple student needs and is aligned with comprehensive school turnaround plans (e.g., SIG model or ESEA flexibility turnaround principles), including the extent to which the proposed project incorporates at least one, or preferably more than one, of the following:
 - Providing ongoing mechanisms for family and community engagement.
 - Establishing a school culture and environment that improves school safety, attendance, and discipline and addresses other non-academic factors that impact student achievement, such as students' social, emotional, and health needs.
 - o Accelerating students' acquisition of reading and mathematics knowledge and skills.
 - Increasing graduation rates through strategies such as early warning systems, creditrecovery programs and re-engagement strategies.
 - Increasing college enrollment rates through college preparation counseling assistance to include completing the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and college applications, and educating students and their families on financial literacy for college.
 - Supporting school implementation of increased learning time.
- Explain how AmeriCorps members are particularly well-suited to deliver effective turnaround interventions and achieve the desired student outcomes in these schools.

c. Notice Priority (3 points)

School Turnaround AmeriCorps applicants should clearly indicate in the application narrative that the proposed application is for a School Turnaround AmeriCorps program design.

d. Member Training (4 points)

<u>In addition to</u> responding to the selection criteria in the *Notice*, School Turnaround AmeriCorps applicants should also respond to the criteria below:

- Explain how members will be sufficiently trained to serve high-needs students, including students with disabilities and English learners, in high-needs schools, including topics such as behavior management, conflict resolution, etc.
- How will you coordinate the training of AmeriCorps members with school leadership and staff?
- Explain your plans for providing members with opportunities to share best practices
 and lessons learned with one another to promote effectiveness of interventions and
 encourage AmeriCorps members' sustained participation in the ongoing efforts to
 turn around the nation's lowest-performing schools.

e. Member Supervision (3 points)

<u>In addition to</u> responding to the selection criteria in the *Notice*, School Turnaround AmeriCorps applicants should also respond to the criteria below:

 How will you coordinate the supervision of AmeriCorps members with school leadership and staff?

4. Organizational Capability (25 percent)

There are no differences between the *Notice* criteria and the special School Turnaround AmeriCorps criteria for the following: Compliance and Accountability.

a. Organizational Background and Staffing (10 points)

<u>Instead of</u> responding to the selection criteria in the *Notice*, School Turnaround AmeriCorps applicants should respond to the criteria below:

- The organization has the staffing and management structure to plan and implement the proposed program.
- The organization has adequate experience administering AmeriCorps grants or other federal grants effectively.
- Describe the involvement of eligible school and LEA leadership in designing and implementing the program.

School Turnaround AmeriCorps applicants must submit a Letter or Letters of Commitment from all eligible partner schools and their corresponding LEAs, including evidence of the applicants' consultation with school and LEA leadership. See section D.2 of this Appendix for information about what the letters of commitment should include.

5. Continuous Improvement (0 points)

- Describe the plans for soliciting timely and regular feedback from stakeholders, including school and LEA staff, students, and families, to inform continuous improvement efforts.
- Describe the plans for using data on student academic performance, academic engagement, and/or behavioral outcomes to inform continuous improvement.
- 6. Cost Effectiveness and Budget Adequacy (25 percent)
 In addition to responding to the selection criteria in the *Notice*, School Turnaround AmeriCorps applicants must also respond to the criteria below:
 - a. Use of Funds (0 points)
 - Provide a description of how the resources requested will supplement, and not supplant, SIG funding or other existing school funding streams.

D. Additional Documents

In addition to submitting the additional documents outlined in the *Notice*, such as the logic model, applicants must submit a list of partner schools and letter(s) of commitment. Please email the letter(s) to Additionaldocuments@cns.gov. Include your application ID in the subject field.

1. List of Partner Schools - Applicants must provide a list including the name and National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) identification number of each eligible partner school with which the applicant will be working. Please specify whether the school is an elementary, middle, or high school. Also indicate if the school meets the rural school definition (see Glossary).

School Name	NCES ID	School Type	Indicate if the school is SIG Tier I or Tier II, or for a State with ESEA flexibility, Priority or Focus school	Indicate Yes if a recipient of SIG funds	Indicate if Rural School
ABC School	XXXXXXXXXX	Elementary	Priority	Yes	Rural
123 School	XXXXXXXXXXX	Middle	Tier II	No	N/A

2. Letter or Letters of Commitment - Applicants must submit a Letter or Letters of Commitment from each eligible partner schools and their corresponding LEAs, including evidence of the applicants' consultation with school and LEA leadership. School leadership must include the school leader (e.g., principal) responsible for leading the turnaround effort. LEA leadership may include either the superintendent or an official at the LEA responsible for SIG or priority school implementation. Letters must be signed by school and LEA leadership. The letter of commitment

must also include the name and NCES identification number of each eligible partner school with which the applicant will be working.

Each letter of commitment must affirm the following:

- 1. The applicant's program design plan is submitted in consultation with the LEA and each eligible partner school(s).
- 2. The applicant's program design aligns with each eligible partner school(s)' and LEA's turnaround plan.
- 3. Commitment to develop after the grant selection announcement a written partnership agreement between the applicant and the school(s) and LEA that addresses the alignment between the applicant's program design and each school(s)' and LEA's turnaround plan, as well as the parties' plan for ongoing collaboration throughout the grant period, as detailed in section E, below. An applicant working with multiple schools in one LEA may develop a single partnership agreement for that LEA that contains all of the elements set forth in section E, below for each school partner within that LEA. The partnership agreement does not need to be completed at the time of the application submission but it must be submitted to CNCS by the start of the 2016-2017 school year. The partnership agreement should be updated throughout the three-year project period as necessary to reflect changes.
- 4. The letters should include a commitment from partner schools and the LEA, in compliance with applicable state and federal laws, to share outcome data with the applicant as needed. If applicable, the letter should explain why data sharing with the legal applicant is not possible at this time and what steps will be taken to overcome the barriers within the project period.
- 5. The letter should affirm that school leaders and LEAs understand that members may not be engaged in activities that duplicate or displace school staff. Roles including substitute teaching, exam proctoring, excessive data entry, etc. are unallowable for AmeriCorps members when they duplicate or displace school staff duties.
- The letters should include what the partners see as the benefits provided by the applicant's AmeriCorps members and what activities would not happen without the AmeriCorps members.

E. Written Partnership Agreements

School Turnaround AmeriCorps awardees are required to develop and update at least annually written partnership agreements among an eligible school or schools, LEA, and community-based partners working together to implement the program. These agreements will articulate the alignment between the School Turnaround AmeriCorps program design and school and LEA turnaround plans, as well as the parties' plan for ongoing collaboration throughout the grant period. These agreements must be submitted to CNCS before the beginning of the 2016-2017 school year and before AmeriCorps members start service.

The partnership agreements must be consistent with the awarded application plans, and articulate how the key entities responsible for program implementation will work together along the following elements of high-quality partnerships between eligible schools, LEAs, and community-based organizations:

• Managing collaboratively. Jointly establishing program direction and priorities, planning, budgeting,

training and aligning program staff, communicating across the partnership, and continuously improving program services.

- Sharing data and evaluation. Sharing information, data (in compliance with applicable state and federal laws), performance measures, and evaluation strategies that guide project management, resource allocation, and service delivery while maintaining data privacy requirements.
- *Sharing resources*. Jointly using resources such as staff, funding, administrative systems, school facilities, curricula, and instructional materials.
- *Clarifying and communicating roles and responsibilities*. Clearly articulating roles and responsibilities for each partner organization to help optimize program services and limited resources.

In addition, partnership agreements must also address the following strategies, when applicable:

- Aligning in-school and out-of-school. Coordinating to ensure that out-of-school academic and enrichment efforts complement in-school instruction and programming.
- Coordinating on safety, health, and student supports. Coordinating to promote school and community safety, reinforce health and wellness programming, and provide necessary student supports.
- Cooperating on family engagement. Coordinating interactions with families to strengthen positive family engagement that reinforces learning in multiple settings.
- Coordinating among CBOs. Coordinating and establishing agreements between multiple community-based organizations (CBOs) when working with the same schools and students.